



# Data and Signal Line Chokes

**Series/Type: B82796C2**

The following products presented in this data sheet are being withdrawn.

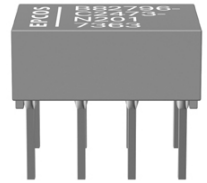
Ordering Code	Substitute Product	Date of Withdrawal	Deadline Last Orders	Last Shipments
B82796C2474N215		2015-07-10	2015-12-31	2016-03-31
B82796C2473N201		2015-07-10	2015-12-31	2016-03-31
B82796C2225N265		2015-07-10	2015-12-31	2016-03-31



Ordering Code	Substitute Product	Date of Withdrawal	Deadline Last Orders	Last Shipments
B82796C2113N201		2015-07-10	2015-12-31	2016-03-31

For further information please contact your nearest EPCOS sales office, which will also support you in selecting a suitable substitute. The addresses of our worldwide sales network are presented at [www.epcos.com/sales](http://www.epcos.com/sales).

**Rated voltage 42 V AC/80 V DC**  
**Rated inductance 0.011 mH to 2.2 mH**  
**Rated current 100 mA to 200 mA**



### Construction

- Current-compensated ring core quad choke
- Ferrite core
- Polycarbonate case (UL 94 V-0)
- Silicone potting
- Bifilar winding

### Features

- Suitable for automatic insertion
- Suitable for wave soldering
- RoHS-compatible

### Applications

- Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on lines, whereas data signals up to some MHz can pass unaffectedly

### Terminals

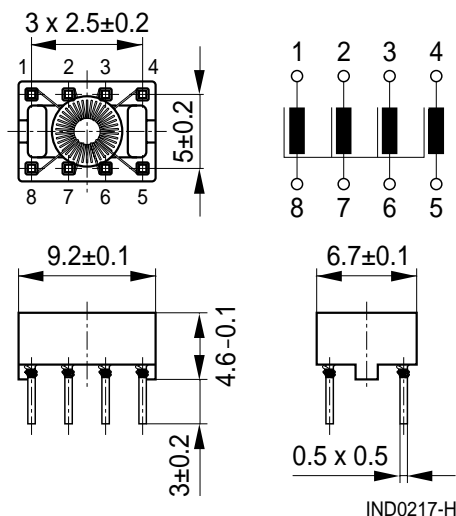
- Base material CuNi18Zn20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped

### Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, date of manufacture (YWWD)

### Delivery mode

Cardboard box

**Dimensional drawing and pin configuration**


Tolerances to ISO 2768-M  
unless otherwise noted.

Dimensions in mm

**Technical data and measuring conditions**

Rated voltage $V_R$	42 V AC (50/60 Hz) / 80 V DC
Rated temperature $T_R$	60 °C
Rated current $I_R$	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature
Rated inductance $L_R$	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 0.1 mA, 20 °C Measuring frequency: $L_R \leq 1$ mH = 100 kHz $L_R > 1$ mH = 10 kHz Inductance is specified per winding.
Inductance tolerance	-30%/+50% at 20 °C
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with $I_R$ , 20 °C
Stray inductance $L_{\text{stray,typ}}$	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 5 mA, 20 °C, typical values Measuring frequency: $L_R \leq 11$ $\mu$ H = 100 kHz $L_R > 11$ $\mu$ H = 10 kHz
DC resistance $R_{\text{typ}}$	Measured at 20 °C, typical values, specified per winding
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: (245 $\pm$ 5) °C, (3 $\pm$ 0.3) s Wetting of soldering area $\geq$ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	(260 $\pm$ 5) °C, (10 $\pm$ 1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)
Storage conditions (packaged)	-25 °C ... +40 °C, $\leq$ 75% RH
Weight	Approx. 0.4 g

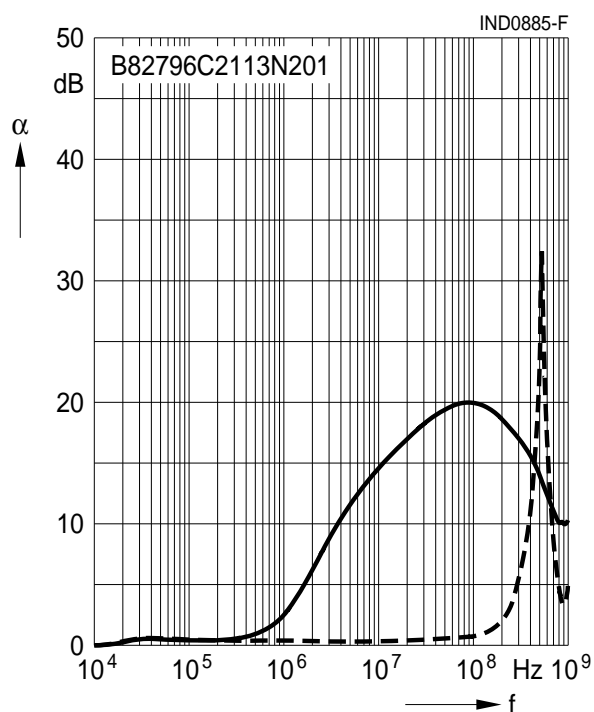
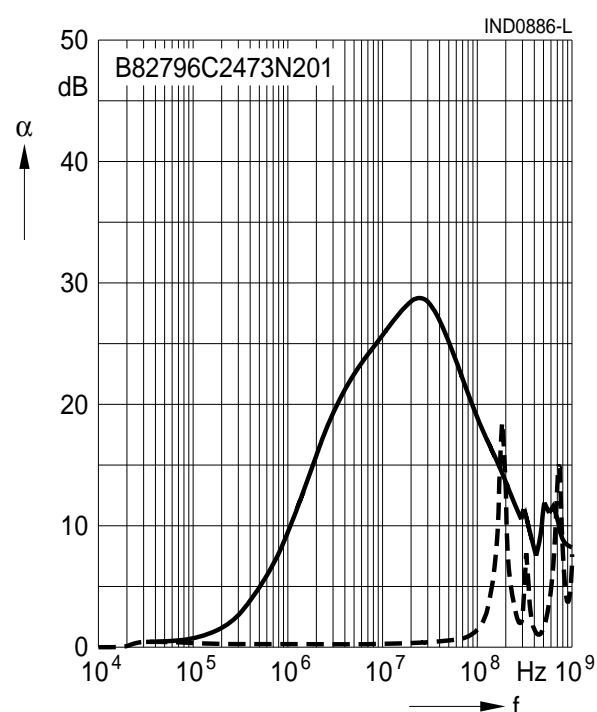
**Characteristics and ordering codes**

$L_R$ mH	$L_{\text{stray,typ}}$ nH	$I_R^{1)}$ mA	$R_{\text{typ}}$ m $\Omega$	$V_{\text{test}}$ V DC, 2 s	Ordering code
0.011	70	200	60	750	B82796C2113N201
0.047	120	150	150	750	B82796C2473N201
0.47	120	100	350	750	B82796C2474N215
2.2	180	100	400	750	B82796C2225N265

**Insertion loss  $\alpha$**  (typical values at  $|Z| = 50 \Omega$ , 20 °C)

————— asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

- - - - - symmetrical (differential mode)

 $L_R = 0.011 \text{ mH}$ 

 $L_R = 0.047 \text{ mH}$ 


1) Types with higher rated current on request.

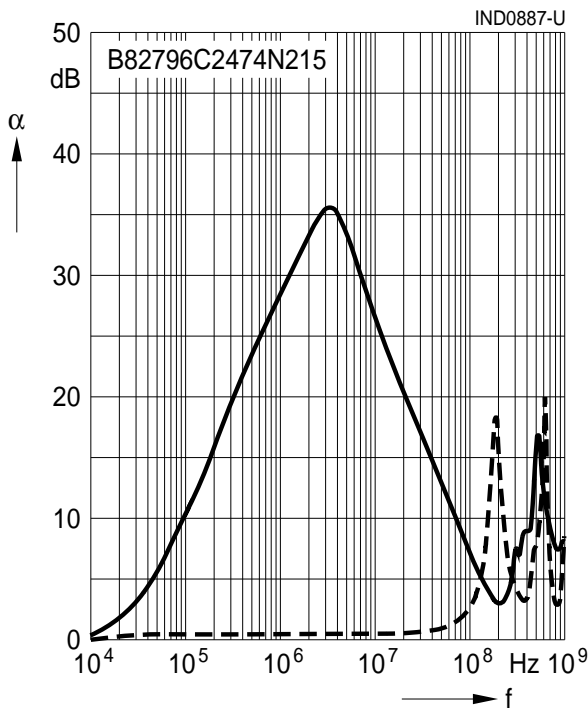
**Data and signal line chokes** **B82796C2**  
**Common-mode chokes, ring core**

**Insertion loss  $\alpha$**  (typical values at  $|Z| = 50 \Omega$ ,  $20^\circ\text{C}$ )

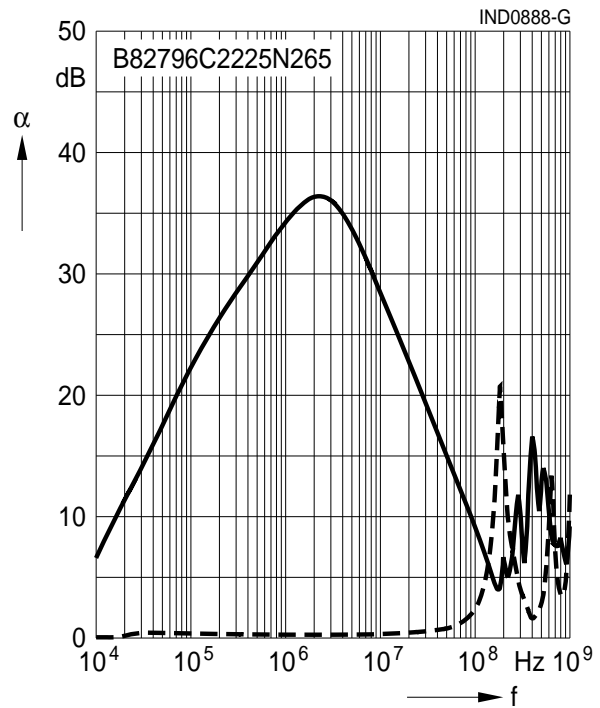
———— asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

- - - - - symmetrical (differential mode)

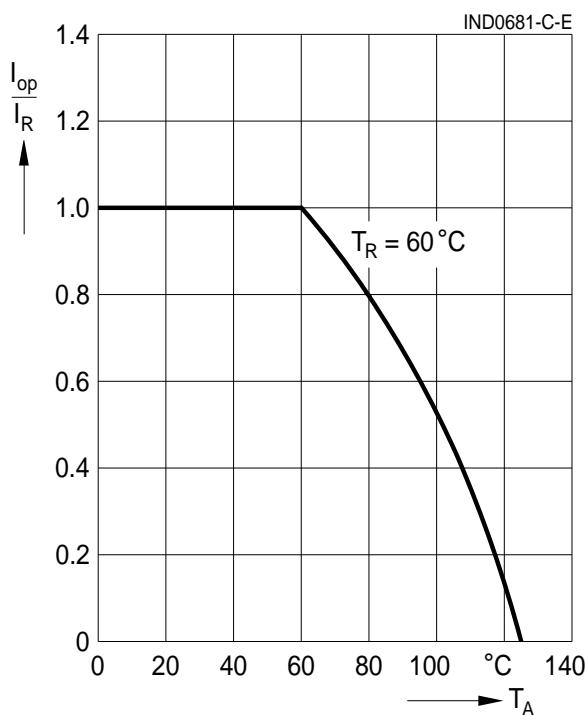
$L_R = 0.47 \text{ mH}$



$L_R = 2.2 \text{ mH}$



**Current derating  $I_{op}/I_R$**   
**versus ambient temperature**



## Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
  - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
  - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
  - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
  - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
  - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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Release 2018-10